

Edward(Edmond) Naughton Story

Edmond Naughton was born in Tynagh county Galway. He arrived in Sydney on the convict ship Eliza on September 6th 1832. His convict record lists his occupation as a ploughman, reaps and sows. Sometime between 1831 and 1832 Edmond is listed as a widower.

Many of the prisoners of the ship Eliza that departed May 10th 1832 to New South Wales, were petty criminals convicted of stealing, and petty theft, however there were also twenty-six men from Galway who had been convicted of White Boy crimes. They were transferred to Cork where they were held in the hulk moored at Cobh. From there they departed Ireland never to return.

The voyage took 119 days. The Surgeon Superintendent was Thomas Bell. There were 2 deaths on the voyage. They arrived in Port Jackson Australia on September 6th 1832. The following men were transported together on the "Eliza 11 ship" in 1832: John Burke, aged 30 years, single and sentenced for life to Australia, Patrick Cannane aged 20 years, single, Patrick Casey aged 30 years married, Thomas Cavenagh aged 29 years married with 3 children, Connors aged 22 years single, Patrick Doolan aged 23 years married with one child, Patrick Finn aged 22 years, John Gantly aged 31 years married with one child sentence to life, Patrick Halloran aged 26 years married with 2 children, Patrick Hanna aged 26 years married with 3 children, Malacky Hardiman aged 21 years, single, John Heagey married, Martin Heagey aged 30 years married, Patrick Hynes aged 24 years a Blacksmith, John Kelly aged 32 years single. Michael Kelly aged 28 years single, John Larkin aged 26 years single, Laurence McDonagh aged 27 years married one child, John Meskell aged 24 years single. Edmond Mooney aged 36 years married with one child, a Sheppard, Michael Moran aged 26 years single, Patrick Moran aged 21 years single, John Mulville aged 32 years married with 2 children, Edmond Naughton aged 30 years widowed with 4 children, John Sheedy aged 26 years single and Patrick Walsh aged 21 years, single. All of these were sentenced to life in Australia.

Edwards life prior to Australia

Edward married Bridget Gantley in Tynagh Co Galway on 14 Feb 1822. Bridget was born about 1800 in Co Galway and died between 1830-1832 in Galway. Information received from descendants state that through research into the Irish Catholic Parish registers for Tynagh confirm, the surname was Gantley/Gantly, and not Bridget Mahony as previously thought. They had 5 children, a son called Anthony born in 1822, he died in 1825, December 26th. Mary Ann Naughton was born in 1824. Anthony Naughton born in 1825, Catherine born in 1827, and Bridget born in 1831. His wife dies and leaves a widow and children. Edmond is convicted of whiteboy activity in 1832 and sent to Australia and his

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children end up living in the workhouse. I am sure his conviction had a devastating effect on the family as his wife had died and he had four young children¹.

The Pilot Newspaper April 6th 1832

THE GALWAY ASSIZES.

A great number of convictions have taken place at the Galway assizes. On Monday morning last the following 20 persons were put to the bar to receive the judgment of the court, for offences of an insurrectionary nature; Michael Kelly, P. Canane, J. Kelly, J. Mulville, P. Dolan, E. Nooten, J. Connors, J. Gaulty, E. Mooney, John Burke, J. McKile, L. M'Donogh, L. Burnes, T. Kavanagh, J. Larkin, P. Hanna, P. Mitchell, P. Finn, M. Hawineen, and P. Mannion. Judgment of death was recorded against eighteen of the prisoners, and transportation for life against the two others. The government having been pleased to mitigate the capital punishment to that of transportation for life, the prisoners were immediately removed from the dock to the outside of the Court-house, where they were heavily ironed, placed upon carts, and marched off, escorted by a strong party of the Enniskillen dragoons, a detachment of the 67th regiment, with the cavalry and infantry police. The unfortunate prisoners seemed to feel the unhappy situation they brought themselves to, by a violation of the laws of their country. The procession moved slowly by the square, and the cries and yells of the wives, children, and brothers of the prisoners were really heart-rending; women with infants in their arms taking the last embrace of their misguided and unhappy husbands, while they returned them by kisses, blessings, &c. Orders being given that every person should be kept from the carts, the convicts were quickly conveyed off, amidst the cries, yells, and moanings of a vast assemblage of country people.— *Connaught Journal*.

Galway Assizes is recorded on the Pilot newspaper April 6th 1832²

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Edmond (Edward) marries in Australia

Edmond remarried in Australia to Ann Mary Broderick in Goulburn, New South Wales in 1843. He farmed in the Laggan area. Ann Mary Broderick was the daughter of Patrick Broderick and Mary Callaghy, Ann was born about 1825 in Co Galway, Ireland, died on 22 Nov 1894 in Redground, Nr Laggan, New South Wales, Australia aged about 69, and was buried on 24 Nov 1894 in Laggan, New South Wales, Australia. They had nine children: Anne Mary, Margaret, Ellen Mary, John Thomas, Sarah Josephine, Fanny, Patrick Joseph, Eliza Mary and Julia Catherine.

Mary Ann migrated on the ship 'Wallace' to Port Phillip, Victoria, Australia on 26 Nov 1841 The 'Wallace' sailed from Liverpool on the 18 August 1841. On board were siblings John Broderick 19, Ann Broderick 16 and Catherine Broderick 15.³

1. Anne Mary Naughton was born on 13 Jul 1845 in Church Hill, New South Wales, Australia,
2. Margaret Naughton was born on 28 Jun 1847 in Chatsbury, New South Wales, Australia
3. Ellen Mary Naughton was born on 17 Oct 1849 in Chatsbury, New South Wales, Australia,
4. John Thomas Naughton was born on 25 Nov 1851 in Chatsbury, New South Wales, Australia,
5. Sarah Josephine Naughton was born on 25 Apr 1854 in Grants Flat, Nr Tarlo, New South Wales, Australia,
6. Fanny Naughton was born on 31 May 1856 in Grants Flat, Nr Tarlo, New South Wales, Australia,
7. Patrick Joseph Naughton was born on 26 Oct 1858 in Black Springs, Nr Laggan, New South Wales,
8. Eliza Mary Naughton was born on 6 Mar 1862 in Redground, Nr Laggan, New South Wales, Australia
9. Julia Catherine Naughton was born on 6 Feb 1864 in (Goulburn), New South Wales, Australia.

Edward Naughton died 1877 and is buried in the Laggan cemetery.

**In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.**

**In the goods of Edward Naughton, late of Laggan, in the
Colony of New South Wales, farmer, deceased.**

NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that letters of administration of all and singular the goods, chattels, credits, and effects of the above-named deceased, may be granted to John Naughton, the eldest son of the said deceased, Ann Naughton, the widow of the said deceased, having renounced administration of the said goods, chattels, credits, and effects.—Dated this 9th October, A.D. 1877.

**A. M. BETTS,
Proctor for the said John Naughton.**

6387 **6s. 6d.**

Newspaper clip from Trove Friday, October 1877 on the NSW Government Gazette.⁴

In the late 1840s many ships made the voyages to Australia bringing young Irish girls often travelling alone. Ships carrying orphan girls included the Digby, Thomas Arbuthnot and the Inchinnan in which many orphan girls from Loughrea workhouse traveled. Overall, approximately 4014 Irish girls from various workhouses in Ireland were sent to Australia as part of the Earl Grey Scheme during the period between 1848-1850. Under the Earl Grey Scheme, it was proposed that unmarried Irish girls in workhouses between the ages of 14 and 18 be invited to apply to go to Australia. This helped alleviate the overcrowding in the workhouses and increased the number of much needed women in the colony of Australia at that time. In May 1850 the scheme was suspended. Their passage was to be paid by the Australian government, and they would be supplied with a box of new clothes, which included petticoats, shoes, stockings, underclothes, and a cloak.



Image of Catherine Naughton provided by descendant ⁵

Contact with family descendants explained what became of the children. Edmond's daughter Catherine arrived in Sydney on 13 Feb 1849 from the Ballinasloe or Loughrea workhouse in 1849. Catherine was aged 18 years on arrival. She travelled on the ship Inchinnan. On her records she was a nurse maid and could not read or write. Catherine married John Broderick son of Patrick Broderick and May Callaghy in Goulburn NSW in 1852 July 13th and had eight children. Mary, Annie Teresa, Bridget, Catherine, Margaret Mary, John Edward, Ellen Clothilda and William Ambrose. John was born on Mary 17th 1823 in Loughrea, Galway. He migrated to Port Phillip, Victoria, Australia in 1841 on the Wallace with his siblings John, Ann and Catherine. Catherine died in 1901 in Crookwell and is buried in the Crookwell cemetery.

The Sydney Morning Herald, Jan 4th Friday 1850, page 3, Parramatta⁶

The newspaper The Sydney Morning Herald announces the arrival of the Inchinnan Ship with Irish Orphans.

STATE OF THE IMMIGRATION DEPOT ON THE 1ST JANUARY.—Number of persons who arrived as prisoners' families by the ship Success, 71; immigrants who arrived by the ships Panama and William Jardine, 29; Irish orphans who arrived by the ship Inchinnan, 5. Total, 105.

Image below has Catherine Naughton listed as a passenger on the Inchinnan ship. The ship arrived on February 13th in Sydney Australia⁷

Ireland		Rocked dead					
130	Naughton Cath.	18	Housemaid	Naughton Cath.	do	Naughton Cath.	good
133	O'Dea Mary	15	Housemaid	Naughton Cath.	do	Naughton Cath.	good

Newspaper clip from Trove Friday, October 1877 on the NSW Government Gazette⁸

Death of Mrs. Broderick
 Mrs Broderick, wife of Mr. J. Broderick, J.P., of Loughrea, near Crookwell, died at her residence at about 11 o'clock on Thursday morning. Mrs. Broderick had been an invalid for some six years through rheumatism and it was on Monday last that a change came for the worst. Fatal results were anticipated and Mrs. P. McShane, eldest daughter, left for her mother's bedside on Tuesday last. Deceased was a native of Ireland and was 73 years of age. She came to New South Wales about 50 years ago and was married to Mr. Broderick in Goulburn about a year after her arrival. They first resided at Middle Arm, but the family removed to their present residence about 34 years ago. Mrs. Broderick was very highly esteemed and respected and the members of the family are well known throughout the district. There are two sons, Mr. John Broderick, of Hill View, near Crookwell, and Mr. William Broderick, auctioneer, of Campbelltown. The daughters are Mrs. P. McShane, of Goulburn; Mrs. C. McAleer, of Glenroy; Mrs. W. Storrier, of Hillston; and Misses Annie and Ellen Broderick, who reside at home. The funeral will take place to-day and the remains will be buried in the Crookwell cemetery.

Death of Mrs. Broderick. Mrs Broderick, wife of Mr. J. Broderick, J.P., of Loughrea, near Crookwell, died at her residence at about 11 o'clock on Thursday morning. Mrs. Broderick had been an invalid for some six years through rheumatism and it was on Monday last that a change came for the worst. Fatal results were anticipated and Mrs. P. McShane, eldest daughter, left for her mother's bedside on Tuesday last. Deceased was a native of Ireland and was 73 years of age. She came to New South Wales about 50 years ago and was married to Mr. Broderick in Goulburn about a year after her arrival. They first resided at Middle Arm, but the family removed to their present residence about 34 years ago. Mrs. Broderick was very highly esteemed and respected and the members of the family are well

known throughout time district. There are two sons, Mr. John Broderick, of Hill View, near Crookwell, and Mr. William Broderick, auctioneer, of Campbelltown. The daughters are Mrs. P. McShane, of Goulburn;

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Mrs. C. McAleer, of Glenroy; Mrs. W. Storrier, of Hillston; and Misses Annie and Ellen Broderick, who reside at home. The funeral will take place to-day and the remains will be buried in the Crookwell cemetery.

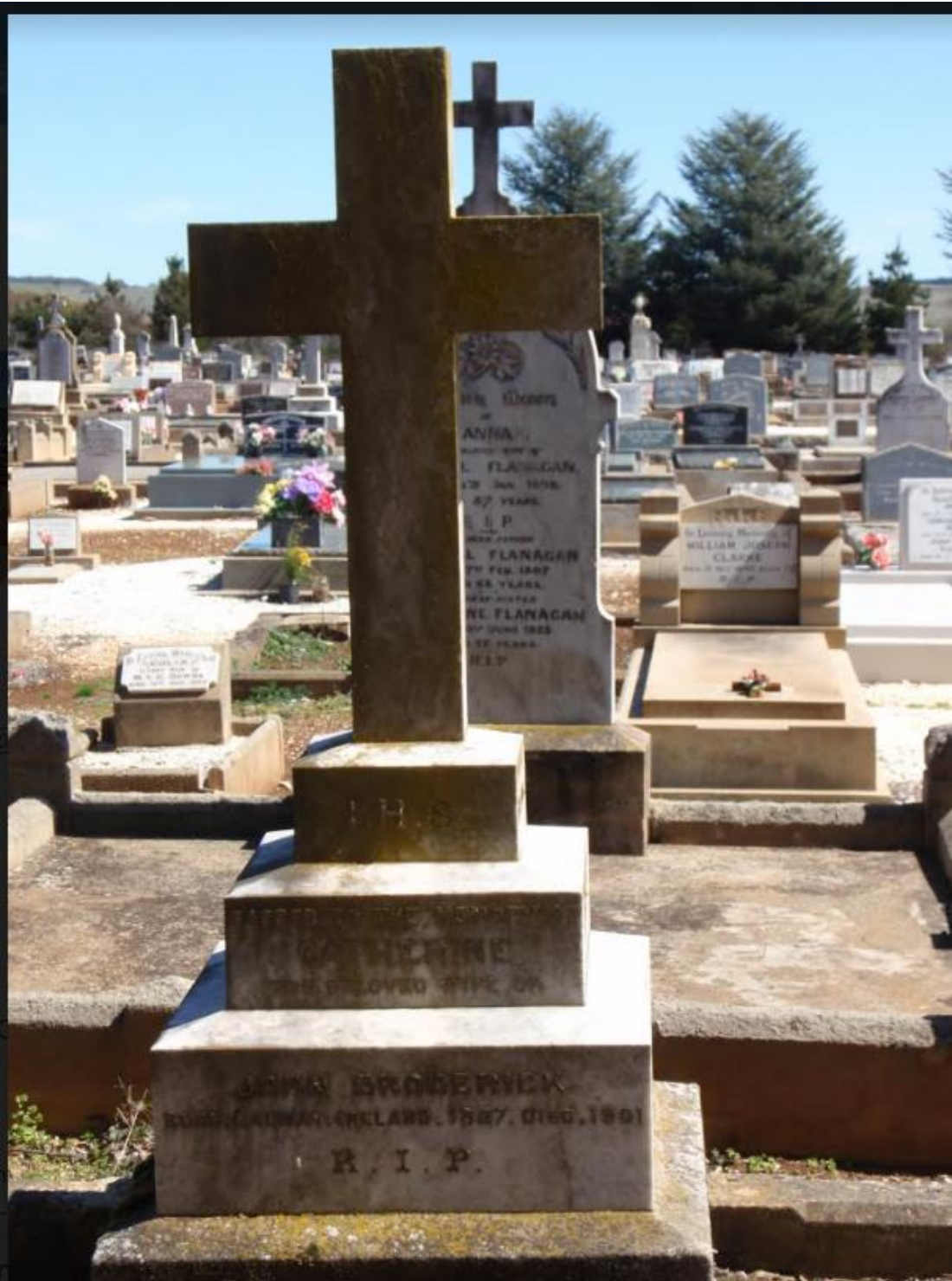
Reference: Trove Digitised Newspapers National Library of Australia - <http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-article98718066>

Mary Naughton

Catherine's sister Mary arrived in NSW Australia on the ship Digby in April 4th 1849. Mary was born in 1824 in Tynagh, Galway, She worked as a House Servant in 1849 after arriving in Australia. Mary married William Archer on 1 Jan 1850 in Goulburn, in New South Wales, Australia. They had seven children: Charles, James, Mary Jane, William, Thomas, Louisa E and Edward H. She died on 9 Dec 1909 in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales, Australia at age 85, and was buried on 10 Dec 1909 in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales, Australia. William died on 19 Nov 1891 in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales, Australia and was buried on 21 Nov 1891 in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales, Australia⁹.

Bridget Naughton

Bridget Naughton was born in 1831 in Tynagh, Galway, Ireland, She migrated on the ship 'Sabrina' to Sydney, New South Wales, Australia on 10 Jul 1854 On board were Bridget Naughton 20, John Lyons 18 (son of Patrick Lyons and Catherine Broderick); Patrick Broderick 18 and Bridget Broderick 20 (children of Luke Broderick and Mary Duffy). All were sponsored by John Broderick who was married to Bridget Naughton's sister Catherine Naughton. Bridget married James Jeffrey, son of William Henry Jeffrey and Mary Ann Hennessy, on 5 Feb 1856 in Goulburn, New South Wales, Australia. They had nine children: Robert Henry, Edward, Mary Ann, Richard, James A, Charles Alfred, Catherine Mary, Thomas John J and Joseph Patrick. James Jeffrey died on 17 Dec 1901 in Nyngan, New South Wales, Australia at age 70, and was buried on 18 Dec 1901 in Nyngan, New South Wales, Australia⁹.



Headstone of Catherine and John Broderick. Image provided by descendant ¹⁰

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The Newspaper Goulburn Evening Penny, Tuesday, August 22nd 1916, page 1, Crookwell.¹⁰

The son of Edward Naughton

CROOKWELL.

DEATH OF MR. J. T. NAUGHTON.

Mr. J. T. Naughton, of Redground, died at his late residence on Friday night, the cause of death being heart trouble accentuated by rheumatism. Mr. Naughton was 64 years of age, and was well known and widely respected. He married twice, his first wife being Miss Hefferman, of Gurrundah, and his second Miss Sullivan, of the Education Department, who survives him. He leaves two sons, Pte. Jack Naughton, at the front, and James, a youth, Mrs P. W. McCormack of Redground, Mrs. Percy Burke of Golspie, and Misses Minnie, Lizzie, and Fannie are daughters. The funeral took place on Sunday at the R.C. Cemetery, Laggan.

THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL
AUSTRALASIA'S OLDEST CATHOLIC PAPER.

FOR SIXTY-TWO YEARS THE RECOGNISED CATHOLIC AND IRISH-AUSTRALIAN ORGAN

SYDNEY, THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1912.

OBITUARY

Mr. J. Broderick, Crookwell.

The death of a very old and highly respected resident of the Crookwell district took place on Wednesday week, in the person of Mr. John Broderick, J.P., of Loughrea, the cause of death being senile decay. Deceased had been ailing for some time, during which he received the best medical attention, and was devotedly nursed by his daughters, but notwithstanding he passed peacefully away at the ripe age of 89 years, fortified by all the rites of his religion. During his illness he was regularly visited by the Rev. Father Vaughan. Deceased was born at Loughrea, County Galway, Ireland, in the year 1823, and was the only son of P. Broderick, and the only grandson of Squire Callaghy. He arrived in New South Wales in 1840 and settled in Middle Arm, where he purchased land before the Free Selection Act became law; later he took up land at Loughrea, where he resided till his death. Deceased was an amateur surveyor and rendered great assistance to the early settlers in the district by surveying their boundaries, and also by giving advice on all land matters, on which he was a recognised authority. Deceased took a great interest in any movement for the advancement of the district. He was

one of the first members of the Crookwell A., P., and H. Society. He convened the first meeting re the railway, and was one of the prime movers in the establishment of the Crookwell butter factory. He was also instrumental in having the first Selection Act amended in the interest of the settlers, also the Trespass Act. He also was a member of the School Board and the Farmers and Settlers' Association, and represented the Crookwell district at many of the conferences. He took a keen interest in politics, in which he carried considerable influence. Deceased married in 1872, and leaves a family of one son and five daughters to mourn their loss. He was predeceased by his wife and a son and daughter. He also leaves a large number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery, Crookwell, on Friday, being followed to their last resting-place by a large number of friends and sympathisers. Rev. Father Vaughan officiated at the grave, and the funeral arrangements were carried out by Speers and Kennedy. General sympathy is expressed for the bereaved family.—R.I.P.

*Obituary of John Broderick, The Freemans Journal, 25 April 1912.*¹²

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Replica Travel Box in honour of the Naughton Sisters

These orphan girls were researched with aid of family descendents in Australia a few years back and there is a replica Travel Box placed in their honor in Portumna Workhouse. The travel box was handcrafted by prisoners in the Irish prison service.

Without the assistance of descendants we would not be able to remember and commemorate these young orphan girls.



Snippet of article from the Connacht Tribune September 2016. Mark O'Brien, Assistant Chief Officer of the Irish Prison Services and Michael Blanche from the Committee for Commemoration of Irish Famine Victims, came to Portumna for the presentation. The replica travel box was handcrafted by the prisoners in the prison service.¹³

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Photo courtesy of Paula Kennedy¹⁴

References:

1. Information from descendant (Cora) of E Naughton.
2. Galway Assizes is recorded on the Pilot newspaper April 6th 1832
3. Information from descendant (Cora) of E Naughton
4. https://trove.nla.gov.au/newspaper/article/225825113?fbclid=IwAR1NZsnQ2tshAh5ohqaO-vcBPUOzcDQln7IF_RIPppFF5WcOrw7RHDHw
5. Image of Catherine Naughton provided by descendant
6. <https://trove.nla.gov.au/newspaper/article/12914809?searchTerm=Inchinnan%20ship%20arrives%20in%20Sydney%20in%201850>
7. https://www.ancestry.com/imageviewer/collections/1204/images/IMAUS1787_081418-0334?treeid=&personid=&usePUB=true&_phsrc=Wfp559&_phstart=successSource&pid=9951
8. Catherine's obituary - Goulburn Evening Penny Post (NSW : 1881 - 1940), Saturday 24 August 1901, page 4 <https://trove.nla.gov.au/newspaper/article/98718066>
9. Information from descendant (Cora) of E Naughton.
10. Headstone of Catherine and John Broderick. Image provided by descendant
11. <https://trove.nla.gov.au/newspaper/article/98887938?searchTerm=Mr%20J%20T%20Naughton>
12. Obituary of John Broderick, The Freemans Journal, 25 April 1912.
13. Snippet of article from the Connacht Tribune September 2016.
14. Replica Travel Box in honor of the daughters of E Naughton

If you believe you could be related to E Naughton please contact us. Contact email: galwayancestors@gmail.com Facebook page: The Whiteboys of Galway - that travelled on the Eliza Ship 1832 or **Facebook page:** Loughrea workhouse ©Paula Kennedy